

Padullés Cubino J., Fibich P., Lepš J., Chytrý M. & Těšitel J. (2023) Do threatened species occur in species-rich vegetation? – Preslia 95: 297–310.

Supplementary Data S1. Reference categories for the national and IUCN Red Lists.

National reference categories used in the national Red List (Grulich 2017):

A1: extinct taxon

A2: missing taxon

A3: extinct or missing taxon (uncertain case)

C1r: critically threatened taxon, rare

C1t: critically threatened taxon, declining

C1b: critically threatened taxon, rare and declining taxon is not on the Red List

C2r: endangered taxon, rare

C2t: endangered taxon, declining

C2b: endangered taxon, rare and declining

C3: vulnerable taxon

C4a: lower risk, near-threatened

C4b: lower risk, data deficient

IUCN (2014) reference categories used in the national Red List (Grulich 2017):

EX: Extinct

EW: Extinct in the wild

CR: Critically endangered

EN: Endangered

VU: Vulnerable

NT: Near threatened

LC: Least concern

DD: Data deficient

NE: Not evaluated

References:

Grulich V. (2017) Červený seznam cévnatých rostlin ČR [The Red List of vascular plants of the Czech Republic]. – Příroda 35: 75–132.

IUCN (2014) Guidelines for using the IUCN Red List categories and criteria. Version 11. – IUCN, Gland.